

Deprescribing in Frailty – Educational Checklist

A reflective learning checklist for students and early-career professionals exploring deprescribing in frailty.

1 Review

Understand the importance of reviewing all medications. Consider indication, duplication, benefit–risk balance, and adherence.

2 Identify

Learn to identify potentially inappropriate medications (PIMs). Use tools such as STOPP/START criteria.

3 Plan

Develop a plan for safe deprescribing. Consider tapering schedules, alternative options, and monitoring needs.

4 Communicate

Practice communication skills. Discuss deprescribing decisions empathetically with patients and multidisciplinary teams.

5 Monitor

Reflect on the follow-up process. Observe outcomes, adverse reactions, and evaluate if patient goals are met.

Reflection Prompt

How can deprescribing improve quality of life for older adults? Provide an example from your studies or placement.

Learning Resources

- STOPP/START Criteria (Version 3): <https://bmjopenquality.bmj.com/content/bmjqr/5/1/u207857.w4260/DC1/embed/inline-supplementary-material-1.pdf>
- NICE NG5 – Medicines Optimisation: <https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ng5>
- Polypharmacy Guidance (Scottish NHS): <https://polypharmacy.scot.nhs.uk/>
- Older Adults Pharmacy Resources (BGS): <https://www.bgs.org.uk/older-adult-pharmacy-resources>
- RPS Polypharmacy Hub: <https://www.rpharms.com/recognition/setting-professional-standards/polypharmacy-getting-our-medicines-right>