14 Choose Healthy Habits

TRANSITION OBJECTIVE

Students will learn the importance of healthy habits related to diet, fluid intake and sleep.

RELEVANCE TO SUCCESSFUL TRANSITION

Healthy habits can affect our energy level as well as our overall health. Absences from school and work increase when we are tired and otherwise weakened by habits, such as not drinking enough water, not eating healthy, regular meals and not getting enough sleep.

INSTRUCTIONAL SEQUENCE

□ STEP 1: Update Journal

Sleeping feels . . .

STEP 2: Convene Roundtable

"When I get a good night's sleep I feel _____."

□ STEP 3: Advance Organizer

"Today you will learn about three important habits that can affect your health."

STEP 4: Activity - 10 Minutes

Have an eight-ounce paper cup filled with water on every desk as students enter class. Encourage them to sip the water and think about drinking eight of these every day as a healthy habit. Tell students that researchers have found that our bodies need about eight glasses of water each day to maintain good health. All of our body organs need a constant supply of fluids. For example, our eyes, joints and mouth dry out when we do not get enough water. In addition, activities that cause us to perspire can deplete our body fluids quickly. We need to replenish our body fluids frequently throughout the day.



STEP 5: Activity - 25 Minutes

Discuss a research experiment in which a group of people lived underground, not knowing when it was day or night. They could eat and sleep any time they chose. The researchers found that even when people didn't know what time of the day it was, they would naturally develop certain healthy routines and habits. They drank water throughout the day, got about eight or nine hours of sleep each day and ate smaller amounts of food four or five times a day. Discuss these research findings.

Have students take turns reading the story **Timeless Living**. Discuss the story and emphasize our natural desire to sleep eight hours per day. Tell students that other research has shown that eight hours of sleep each night is necessary for good health and that teenagers and children need even more. Talk about the difficulty some teenagers have in getting up in the morning and why.

Ask students if they ever have a problem getting to sleep or sleeping all night. Introduce the concept of insomnia. Talk about things that can affect sleep, such as the caffeine in soda pop, tea or coffee. Also, explain that our daily routine and what we do before we get into bed can affect our sleep. For example, if we exercise, watch an exciting movie or eat a heavy meal at bed time, it may take longer to fall asleep. Keeping a regular routine also may affect how quickly we go to sleep. Routine activities help build a *body clock* that regulates the body. To get a good night's sleep, we need to go to sleep at the same time each night, not eat for two hours before bedtime and avoid caffeinated drinks or foods in the late evening.

STEP 6: Evaluate Outcomes

Sleep and water are important to good health because "_____."

STEP 7: Connecting Activity

Conduct a mini-research study on your sleep patterns. Make notes about the time you go to bed and the time you wake up for one week. Make notes about the things you do the last two hours before going to bed. Record your data on a daily chart using paper or a computer.

KEY WORDS			
caffeine	routine	replenish	researchers
MATERIALS AND PR	EPARATION		
Student Ho	ndouts: Timeless Living, pag	es 40-41.	
Prepare or	e eight-ounce paper cup fo	or each student.	
Recome for	miliar with the story and prop	are to discuss the importance	a of actting anou

Become familiar with the story and prepare to discuss the importance of getting enough water and sleep.

SCANS FOUNDATION SKILLS

- Basic Academic Skills: Reading, Listening
- Thinking Skills: Reasoning, Decision Making
- Personal Qualities: Responsibility, Self Management